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1	CARPENTER HAZLEWOOD DELGADO & WOOD, PLC	MICHAEL K. JEANES Clerk of the Superior Court	
2	Attorneys at Law 1400 E. Southern Ave., Suite 400	By YOLANDA ESCALANTE, Deputy	
3	Tempe, Arizona 85282 t (480) 991-6949, f (480) 991-7040	Date 10/23/2008 Time 02:45 HM Description Qty Amount	
4	(Jason E. Smith - #023007) (Carrie H. Smith - #022701)	CASE# LC2008-000740-001	
5	(Chad P. Miesen - #024910) PHXTWHS.0049	PLAINTIFF/APPELLANT 001 286.00	
6	Attorneys for Plaintiff	TOTAL ANDUNT 286.00	
7	· ·	Receipt# 00010366680	
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF ARIZONA MARICOPA COUNTY		
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9 10	PHOENIX TOWNHOUSE		
-	HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, an	102008÷000740-00	
11	Arizona nonprofit corporation,	LC 2008-000740-001 Case No.	
12	Plaintiff,		
13	(· vs. (
14			
15	ARIZONA OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS;	COMPLAINT FOR SPECIAL ACTION, DECLARATORY	
16	ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF FIRE,	JUDGMENT AND INJUNCTIVE	
17	BUILDING AND LIFE SAFETY; and HONORABLE BRIAN TULLY,	RELIEF	
18	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE;		
19	Defendants,		
20	Derendants,		
21	and		
22	RON MERITT AND JOHN		
23	HERNANDEZ,		
24	Real Parties in Interest.		
25	The Plaintiff, Phoenix Townhouse Homeowners Association ("Association"), an		
26	Arizona non-profit corporation, by and through undersigned counsel, respectfully submits		
27	its Complaint for Special Action, with ancillary claims for declaratory and injunctive		
28	relief, pursuant to the Arizona Rules of Procedure for Special Actions, as follows:		

This Court has jurisdiction to hear and determine this Special Action
 complaint and to grant the relief requested by virtue of Article VI, Section 18 of the
 Arizona Constitution and Rule 4, Rules of Procedure for Special Actions.

2. Plaintiff is an Arizona non-profit corporation whose principal place of
5 business is in Maricopa County.

3. Defendant Office of Administrative Hearings ("OAH") is a department of
the Executive Branch of the Arizona government, whose director is appointed by the
Governor and whose organic act is codified at A.R.S. §41-1092.01 et seq.

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4. Defendant Department of Fire, Building and Life Safety ("DFBLS") is also
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10 a department of the Executive Branch of the Arizona government, whose boards and
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11 director are appointed by the Governor and whose organic act is codified at A.R.S. § 4112
12 12141 et seq.

5. Judge Brian Tully is an administrative law judge on staff with the Office of
Administrative Hearings that was assigned to adjudicate the private party dispute
between the Association and the Real Parties in Interest pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-2198 et
seq.

17 6. The Real Parties in Interest are residents of Maricopa County who filed a
18 petition, pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-2198.01, for an administrative hearing with the DFBLS
19 on August 7, 2008 and are made defendants herein pursuant to Rule 2(a) of the Rules of
20 Procedure for Special Actions.

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7. The Plaintiff contends that A.R.S. § 41-2198 et seq. violates the separation of powers clause in Article III of the Arizona Constitution, which provides:

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The powers of the government of the State of Arizona shall be divided into three separate departments, the Legislative, the Executive, and the Judicial; and, except as provided in this Constitution, such departments shall be separate and distinct, and no one of such departments shall exercise the powers properly belonging to either of the others.

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8. The Arizona Legislature delegated to the executive branch the power to adjudicate private parties disputes, but private party disputes may only be adjudicated in the executive branch if the adjudicatory power is "auxiliary to and dependent upon the

 proper exercise of legitimate regulatory power." J.W. Hancock Enterprises, Inc. v.
 Arizona State Registrar of Contractors, 142 Ariz. 400, 405, 690 P.2d 119, 124 (Ct.App. 1984).

13. The Plaintiff herein withheld filing this special action at an earlier date as it 4 5 was aware of a separate matter pending before the Superior Court in Maricopa County, Troon Village Ass'n v. Waugaman, LC2007-000598-001DT, that also addressed the 6 7 constitutionality of the administrative hearing process for community associations. 8 Although a ruling was issued in that case on October 3, 2008 reversing the administrative 9 order against the community association in that case based upon the unconstitutionality of 10 A.R.S. § 41-2198 et seq. as it applies to community associations, the ruling appears to be 11 limited to the parties in that Administrative Review Act case pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-12 911(A)(5). A copy of the ruling is attached hereto as Exhibit A, and the Plaintiff 13 incorporates the reasoning contained in the ruling into its argument both for the acceptance of jurisdiction and the ultimate resolution of the issues. 14

15 14. On October 6, 2008, the Plaintiff filed a motion to dismiss the 16 administrative petition filed by the Real Parties in Interest. The motion to dismiss was 17 based upon the constitutional infirmities inherent in the statute and the resulting lack of 18 jurisdiction in the OAH and DFBLS with respect to the Plaintiff and the claims by the 19 Real Parties in Interest.

20 15. On October 16, 2008, the Plaintiff also filed an Expedited Motion to Stay
21 the administrative hearing, which is scheduled for October 29, 2008 at 9:00 a.m., so that a
22 court with appropriate jurisdiction could make a final determination as to the
23 constitutional validity of the statute and the jurisdiction of the OAH and DFBLS over this
24 and similar disputes.

16. Judge Tully denied both the motion to dismiss and the motion to stay on October 16, 2008, stating that the "constitutional issues raised by Respondent should be resolved in the Court rather than before an administrative tribunal" yet refused to stay the hearing so that the Association could obtain that relief through the courts. A copy of the order denying the motions is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

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 17. The Defendants herein are without jurisdiction over the Plaintiff inasmuch
 2 as the statute on which they rely is unconstitutional.

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18. The Plaintiff requests stay relief against the Defendants to prohibit them from adjudicating the underlying administrative petition at the hearing scheduled for October 29, 2008.

19. The Plaintiff also seeks injunctive relief to stop all other private party
adjudications by the OAH and/or DFBLS involving community associations under
A.R.S. § 41-2198.01, including the acceptance by DFBLS of further petitions and filing
fees from homeowners or other parties.

20. The Plaintiff also seeks declaratory relief under A.R.S. § 12-1831 *et seq*. 11 that the statute is unconstitutional, and, pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-1841(A), the Plaintiff is 12 also serving this complaint on the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House at 13 the same time as the parties herein so that they may have the opportunity to be heard.

14 21. The Plaintiff does not have an equally plain, speedy and adequate remedy 15 by any appellate procedure from the actions of the DFBLS, OAH and Judge Tully 16 because the Plaintiff's only appellate remedy may be limited to the scope of review under 17 the Arizona Administrative Review Act, A.R.S. § 12-901 *et seq.* and will suffer 18 irreparable injury and damage unless the requested relief is granted by means of this 19 special action.

20 22. Special Action jurisdiction is appropriate as the issue is one of first 21 impression, aside from the administrative review decision of limited applicability; it is a 22 purely legal question; it is of statewide importance; and it is definitely likely to arise 23 again, as undersigned counsel has another client with a case that has been filed with the 24 DFBLS but has not yet been assigned to a judge at the OAH.

25 23. As a result of the foregoing, Judge Tully, the OAH and the DFBLS have
26 proceeded and/or are threatening to proceed without jurisdiction or legal authority and,
27 pursuant to Rule 3, Rules of Procedure for Special Actions, this matter is proper for
28 consideration by the Court as a special action.

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1	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests that this Court accept jurisdiction of this Special	
2	Action and issue an Order:	
3	a. Declaring A.R.S. § 41-2198 et seq. void and unconstitutional as a violation	
4	of the separation of powers doctrine;	
5	b. Enjoining the Defendants from adjudicating this and other private party	
6	disputes pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-2198 et seq.;	
7	c. Awarding the Plaintiff its costs and attorneys' fees incurred herein; and	
8	d. Granting Plaintiff such other relief deemed just and proper in the	
9	circumstances.	
10	Respectfully submitted this 23rd day of October, 2008.	
11	CARPENTER, HAZLEWOOD, DELGADO & WOOD, PLC	
12	By: Chin Cont	
13	Jason E. Smith, Esq. 1400 E. Southern Avenue, Suite 400	
14	Tempe, Arizona 85282	
15	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
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Michael K. Jeanes, Clerk of Court *** Filed *** 10/03/2008 8:00 AM

SUPERIOR COURT OF ARIZONA MARICOPA COUNTY

LC2007-000598-001 DT

10/02/2008

HON. MARGARET H. DOWNIE

CLERK OF THE COURT T. Melius Deputy

TROON VILLAGE MASTER ASSOCIATION

v.

ARIZONA STATE DEPARTMENT OF FIRE BUILDING & LIFE SAFE (001) NANCY J WAUGAMAN (001)

CARRIE H SMITH

MICHELLE L WOOD MELANIE C MCKEDDIE

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS REMAND DESK-LCA-CCC

RECORD APPEAL RULE / REMAND

The Superior Court has jurisdiction over this administrative appeal pursuant to the Administrative Review Act, A.R.S. §§ 12-901, et seq.

Factual and Procedural Background

Defendant Nancy Waugaman ("defendant" or "Waugaman") is a member of the Troon Village Master Association ("plaintiff" or "Association") by virtue of her ownership of real property within the Troon planned community. The Association is an Arizona non-profit corporation that manages the affairs and maintains the common areas of the community. In April 2007, Waugaman filed a complaint with defendant Arizona Department of Fire, Building and Life Safety ("Department") – an executive branch agency.¹ She challenged a resolution approved by the Association's Board of Directors ("Board") that interpreted the requirements for amending the community's covenants, conditions and restrictions (CC&Rs). The resolution stated:

¹ The Department is appearing as a nominal party in these proceedings. Docket Code 512 Form L512

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